Lynxes

Lynx is a genus of carnivorous mammals of the family Felidae commonly known as lynx. Four species are known characterized by its medium size, strong legs, long ears, short tail and body more or less mottled.  
  
All species live exclusively in the Northern Hemisphere, Eurasia and North America (of which seem to originate).

Features:

The coat has different colors depending on the species and subspecies of the question. The Canadian lynx and Eurasian range from yellowish brown and developing a longer coat and gray in winter. The Iberian lynx is brown while the bobcat, as the name suggests, has a brown coat - red. The four species have spots and stripes whose density varies individually. Usually, animals are spotted more intensely living further south. The largest species is the Eurasian, which can reach up to 30 kg, and the smaller the Iberian rarely reaches 20 kg.

Habitat

The Iberian lynx is in the forest and Mediterranean scrub in very restricted areas of the Iberian Peninsula. In Spain in a few areas, well preserved and isolated from human activity, while in Portugal seems to have been extinguished. This type of habitat provides shelter and open pasture for hunting rabbits, which accounts for 90% of their diet.  
  
Territory size required for each specimen is conditioned by the abundance of potential prey, but on average a lynx occupies about 10 km ².  
  
In areas rich in food, lynx territory will be somewhat lower than in poor areas. Within this territory there are often different residences vital for the lynx, as rangeland for resting and foraging areas where the lynx is active, and that match the high density of rabbits.  
  
Examined preferences lynx habitat, including the park and the surrounding area, reveal that the lynx is generally absent in cropland and exotic tree plantations, where rabbits are also scarce.

Food Lynx  
During the day the lynx will be resting and trying to stay hidden from predators. When the sun sets, is when they are in motion and action, the lynx is a nocturnal hunter. They have a great vision and exceptional hearing, so they have no problem in finding their prey. They can spot a mouse at night at a distance of 275 feet.

There are varieties of food than the lynx feeds. Although they have access, often depends on where they live. Some of their preys include deer, rabbits, fish, foxes, birds, mice, and turkeys. They have a diet that often varies at different times of the year also, for example, the water can freeze in the winter making inaccessible fish





